

INTRODUCTION chapter 26 section 2 guided reading the cold war at home [PDF]

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Reviewing the Cold War

2013-10-14

since the cold war ended it has become an international field of study with new material from china the former soviet union and europe this volume takes stock of where these new materials have taken us in our understanding of what the cold war was about and how we should study it

Reviewing the Cold War

2013-10-14

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The Cold War

2017-08-31

odd arne westad s daring ambition supra nationalist intellect polyglot sources masterly scholarship and trenchant analysis make the cold war a book of resounding importance for appraising our global future as well as understanding our past richard davenport hines tils books of the year as germany and then japan surrendered in 1945 there was a tremendous hope that a new and much better world could be created from the moral and physical ruins of the conflict instead the combination of the huge power of the usa and ussr and the near total collapse of most of their rivals created a unique grim new environment the cold war for over forty years the demands of the cold war shaped the life of almost all of us there was no part of the world where east and west did not ultimately demand a blind and absolute allegiance and nowhere into which the west and east did not reach countries as remote from each other as korea angola and cuba were defined by their allegiances almost all civil wars became proxy conflicts for the superpowers europe was seemingly split in two indefinitely arne westad s remarkable new book is the first to have the distance from these events and the ambition to create a convincing powerful narrative of the cold war the book is genuinely global in its reach and captures the dramas and agonies of a period always overshadowed by the horror of nuclear war and which for millions of people was not cold at all a time of relentless violence squandered opportunities and

2016-03-07

6/22

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moral failure this is a book of extraordinary scope and daring it is conventional to see the first half of the 20th century as a nightmare and the second half as a reprieve westad shows that for much of the world the second half was by most measures even worse

Mao's China and the Cold War

2010-03-15

this comprehensive study of china s cold war experience reveals the crucial role beijing played in shaping the orientation of the global cold war and the confrontation between the united states and the soviet union the success of china s communist revolution in 1949 set the stage chen says the korean war the taiwan strait crises and the vietnam war all of which involved china as a central actor represented the only major hot conflicts during the cold war period making east asia the main battlefield of the cold war while creating conditions to prevent the two superpowers from engaging in a direct military showdown beijing s split with moscow and rapprochement with washington fundamentally transformed the international balance of power argues chen eventually leading to the end of the cold war with the collapse of the soviet empire and the decline of international communism based on sources that include recently declassified chinese documents the book offers pathbreaking insights into the course and outcome of the cold war

The Cold War in the Third World

2013-06-13

this collection explores the complex interrelationships between the soviet american struggle for global preeminence and the rise of the third world featuring original essays by twelve leading scholars it examines the influence of third world actors on the course of the cold war

The Cold War: A Very Short Introduction

2003-03-27

the massive disorder and economic ruin following the second world war inevitably predetermined the scope and intensity of the cold war but why did it last so long and what impact did it have on the united states the soviet union europe and the third world finally how did it affect the broader history of the second half of the twentieth century what were the human and financial costs this very short introduction

2016-03-07

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chapter 26 section 2 guided reading the cold war at home

provides a clear and stimulating interpretive overview of the cold war one that will both invite debate and encourage deeper investigation about the series the very short introductions series from oxford university press contains hundreds of titles in almost every subject area these pocket sized books are the perfect way to get ahead in a new subject quickly our expert authors combine facts analysis perspective new ideas and enthusiasm to make interesting and challenging topics highly readable

The Cold War

2006-12-26

outstanding the most accessible distillation of that conflict yet written the boston globe energetically written and lucid it makes an ideal introduction to the subject the new york times the dean of cold war historians the new york times now presents the definitive account of the global confrontation that dominated the last half of the twentieth century drawing on newly opened archives and the reminiscences of the major players john lewis gaddis explains not just what happened but why from the months in 1945 when the u s and the u s s r went from alliance to antagonism to the barely averted holocaust of the cuban missile crisis to the maneuvers of nixon and mao reagan and gorbachev brilliant accessible almost shakespearean in its drama the cold war stands as a triumphant summation of the era that more than any other shaped our own gaddis is also the author of on grand strategy

Why Did the Cold War Happen?

2010-08-01

includes firsthand speeches letters diary entries and other primary source materials that give the reasons these unforgettable events unfolded as they did this book describes what caused the cold war between the united states and the soviet union

A Military History of the Cold War, 1944-1962

2012-11-20

the cold war did not culminate in world war iii as so many in the 1950s and 1960s feared yet it spawned a host of military engagements that affected millions of lives this book is the first comprehensive multinational overview of military affairs during the early cold war beginning with conflicts during world war ii in warsaw athens and saigon and ending with the cuban missile crisis a major theme of this

account is the relationship between government policy and military preparedness and strategy author jonathan m house tells of generals engaging in policy confrontations with their governments political leaders among them anthony eden nikita khrushchev and john f kennedy many of whom made military decisions that hamstrung their own political goals in the pressure cooker atmosphere of atomic preparedness politicians as well as soldiers seemed instinctively to prefer military solutions to political problems and national security policies had military implications that took on a life of their own the invasion of south korea convinced european policy makers that effective deterrence and containment required building up and maintaining credible forces desire to strengthen the north atlantic alliance militarily accelerated the rearmament of west germany and the drive for its sovereignty in addition to examining the major confrontations nuclear and conventional between washington moscow and beijing including the crises over berlin and formosa house traces often overlooked military operations against the insurgencies of the era such as french efforts in indochina and algeria and british struggles in malaya kenya cyprus and aden now more than fifty years after the events house describes understanding the origins and trajectory of the cold war is as important as ever by the late 1950s the united states had sent forces to vietnam and the middle east setting the stage for future conflicts in both regions house s account of the complex relationship between diplomacy and military action directly relates to the insurgencies counterinsurgencies and confrontations that now occupy our attention across the globe

How the Cold War Began

2007-08-24

on september 5 1945 cipher clerk igor gouzenko severed ties with the soviet embassy in ottawa reporting to the royal canadian mounted police allegations of extensive soviet espionage in north america providing stolen documents detailing soviet intelligence matters to back his claims this action sent shockwaves through washington london moscow and ottawa changing the course of the twentieth century using recently declassified fbi and canadian rcmp files on the gouzenko case author and cold war scholar amy knight sheds new light on the fbi s efforts to incriminate alger hiss and harry dexter white in order to discredit the truman administration fbi chief j edgar hoover seized upon gouzenko s defection as a means through which to demonize the soviets distorting statements made by gouzenko to stir up spy fever in the u s setting the mccarthy era into motion through the fbi files and interviews with several key players knight delves into gouzenko s reasons for defecting and brilliantly connects these events to the strained relations between the soviet union and the west marking the beginning of the cold war

The Cold War

2009-01-21

even fifteen years after the end of the cold war it is still hard to grasp that we no longer live under its immense specter for nearly half a century from the end of world war ii to the early 1990s all world events hung in the balance of a simmering dispute between two of the greatest military powers in history hundreds of millions of people held their collective breath as the united states and the soviet union two national ideological entities waged proxy wars to determine spheres of influence and millions of others perished in places like korea vietnam and angola where this cold war flared hot such a consideration of the cold war as a military event with sociopolitical and economic overtones is the crux of this stellar collection of twenty six essays compiled and edited by robert cowley the longtime editor of mhq the quarterly journal of military history befitting such a complex and far ranging period the volume s contributing writers cover myriad angles john prados in the war scare of 1983 shows just how close we were to escalating a war of words into a nuclear holocaust victor davis hanson offers the right man his pungent reassessment of the bellicose air power zealot curtis lemay as a man whose words were judged more critically than his actions the secret war also gets its due in george feiffer s the berlin tunnel which details the charismatic c i a operative big bill harvey s effort to tunnel under east berlin and tap soviet phone lines and the soviets equally audacious reaction to the plan while the truth about overflights by r cargill hall sheds light on some of the cold war s best kept secrets the often overlooked human cost of fighting the cold war finds a clear voice in mia by marilyn elkins the widow of a navy airman who details the struggle to learn the truth about her husband it frank c elkins whose a 4 skyhawk disappeared over vietnam in 1966 in addition there are profiles of the war s front lines dien bien phu the cuban missile crisis the bay of pigs as well as of prominent military and civil leaders from both sides including harry s truman nikita khrushchev dean acheson gen douglas macarthur richard m nixon gen vo nguyen giap and others encompassing so many perspectives and events the cold war succeeds at an impossible task illuminating and explaining the history of an undeclared shadow war that threatened the very existence of humankind

The World the Cold War Made

1996

the world the cold war made examines the cold war and its lasting legacy by carefully exploring the creation and structure of the postwar settlement its successes failures and adaptations and the eventual coming apart of the post war order in the 1980s and early 1990s james cronin shows how this legacy has allowed some nations and industries to grow but has blocked others paths to economic development states whose very identities are threatened and whose positions within the larger community are in flux struggle to find a path to

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prosperity while a competitive logic sharply limits the options available to them at the same time cronin states the end of the cold war has removed powerful external constraints on the political choices of nations allowing previously disenfranchised peoples the freedom to chart distinctive paths into the next century that are more responsive to their own histories publisher description

Cold War Broadcasting

2010-08-20

the book examines the role of western broadcasting to the soviet union and eastern europe during the cold war with a focus on radio free europe and radio liberty it includes chapters by radio veterans and by scholars who have conducted research on the subject in once secret soviet bloc archives and in western records it also contains a selection of translated documents from formerly secret soviet and east european archives most of them published here for the first time

The Cold War as History

1967

this intriguing book based on recently accessible soviet primary sources is the first to explain the emergence of the cold war and its development in stalin s lifetime from the perspective of soviet policy making it pays particular attention to the often neglected societal dimension of soviet foreign policy as a crucial element of the genesis and development of the cold war gerhard wettig provides readers with new insights into stalin s willingness to initiate crisis with the west while still avoiding military conflict

Stalin and the Cold War in Europe

2008

primary and secondary sources examine key issues of the cold war from the end of world war ii to the disintegration of the soviet union in 1991 although no war was officially declared for over four decades the soviet union and the united states waged an ideological battle that at times carried the threat of nuclear war in this anthology those who shaped the cold war and those reflecting on its impact debate the strategies these nations used to expand or protect their spheres of influence as the united states and the soviet union moved from confrontation to cooperation

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The Cold War

2004

this collection brings together the most influential and commonly studied articles on the cold war together with an introduction and concise headnotes this book provides students with easy access to seminal work and an analytical framework with which to approach their studies

The Cold War

2001-10-08

the oxford handbook of the cold war offers a broad reassessment of the period war based on new conceptual frameworks developed in the field of international history nearing the 25th anniversary of its end the cold war now emerges as a distinct period in twentieth century history yet one which should be evaluated within the broader context of global political economic social and cultural developments the editors have brought together leading scholars in cold war history to offer a new assessment of the state of the field and identify fundamental questions for future research the individual chapters in this volume evaluate both the extent and the limits of the cold war s reach in world history they call into question orthodox ways of ordering the chronology of the cold war and also present new insights into the global dimension of the conflict even though each essay offers a unique perspective together they show the interconnectedness between cold war and national and transnational developments including long standing conflicts that preceded the cold war and persisted after its end or global transformations in areas such as human rights or economic and cultural globalization because of its broad mandate the volume is structured not along conventional chronological lines but thematically offering essays on conceptual frameworks regional perspectives cold war instruments and cold war challenges the result is a rich and diverse accounting of the ways in which the cold war should be positioned within the broader context of world history

The Oxford Handbook of the Cold War

2013-01-31

in this book a group of influential and distinguished scholars analyse some of the key questions in contemporary international relations the book is in three parts in the first the lessons and legacies of cold war are examined including debates about its rise and fall and the

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implications of the superpower nuclear confrontation part ii asks questions about powers and politics in the post cold war world the usa s potential as a world leader russia s troubled future japan s potential power the china syndrome and africa s problems the final part looks further into the future discussing international organisation life politics and the potentialities for human society under the conditions of globalisation the book shows how different countries and different groups of countries are confronting urgent issues of statecraft in a period of radical global transformation

Statecraft and Security

1998-09-13

bradley lightbody here examines the complex arguments which divided east and west following the second world war and analyzes its eight major phases from the emergence of the cold war through the late 1980s

The Cold War

1999

the origins and the key defining moments of the cold war in southeast asia have been widely debated this book focuses on an area that has received less attention the impact and legacy of the cold war on the various countries in the region as well as on the region itself the book contributes to the historiography of the cold war in southeast asia by examining not only how the conflict shaped the milieu in which national and regional change unfolded but also how the context influenced the course and tenor of the cold war in the region it goes on to look at the usefulness or limitations of using the cold war as an interpretative framework for understanding change in southeast asia chapters discuss how the cold war had a varied but notable impact on the countries in southeast asia not only on the mainland countries belonging to what the british foreign office called the upper arc but also on those situated on its maritime lower arc the book is an important contribution to the fields of asian studies and international relations

Southeast Asia and the Cold War

2012

beskrivelse af den kolde krig og de mest markante hændelser og konflikter i denne periode

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The Cold War and the Making of the Modern World

1993

between 1945 and 1991 tension between the usa its allies and a group of nations led by the ussr dominated world politics this period was called the cold war a conflict that stopped short to a full blown war benefiting from the recent research of newly open archives the encyclopedia of the cold war discusses how this state of perpetual tensions arose developed and was resolved this work examines the military economic diplomatic and political evolution of the conflict as well as its impact on the different regions and cultures of the world using a unique geopolitical approach that will present russian perspectives and others the work covers all aspects of the cold war from communism to nuclear escalation and from ufos to red diaper babies highlighting its vast ranging and lasting impact on international relations as well as on daily life although the work will focus on the 1945 1991 period it will explore the roots of the conflict starting with the formation of the soviet state and its legacy to the present day

Encyclopedia of the Cold War

2013-05-13

the cold war dominated international relations for forty five years it shaped the foreign policies of the united states and the soviet union and deeply affected their societies domestic situations and their government institutions hardly any part of the world escaped its influence david painter provides a compact and analytical study that examines the origins course and end of the cold war his overview is global in perspective with an emphasis on the third world as well as the contested regions of asia and central america and a strong consideration of economic issues he includes discussion of the global distribution of power the arms race the world economy the cold war gives a concise original and interdisciplinary introduction to this international state of affairs covering the years between 1945 and 1990

The Cold War

2002-03-11

twenty years ago as the united states and the soviet union were sliding into yet another round of dangerous confrontation no one could have imagined that only a decade later the cold war would be over and that russia and the west would embark on an unprecedented course of economic political and military cooperation how did it happen the essays in this collection offer illuminating insights into the key

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players ronald reagan mikhail gorbachev boris yeltsin and others and the monumental events that led to the collapse of communism the expert contributors examine the end of dtente and the beginning of the new phase of the cold war in the early 1980s when u s soviet relations seemed to hit a new low they detail reagan s radical new strategies aimed at changing soviet behavior and they analyze the essence and origins of mikhail gorbachev s new political thinking his realization that the cold war was not in russia s interest and could not end unless his country changed itself and its critical role in the ultimate transformation of the soviet union in addition the authors describe the peaceful democratic revolutions in poland and hungary the events that brought about the reunification of germany the role of events in third world countries the critical contributions of yeltsin and more

Turning Points in Ending the Cold War

2007-12-01

surveys the military and diplomatic history of the long cold war from 1917 to the present

The Cold War

2015-10-22

in today s worlds of drones military strikes and weapons of mass destruction it s difficult to imagine a nonviolent war of constant hostility between world super powers readers will be intrigued by this conflict known as the cold war they will learn that it was a geopolitical ideological and economic struggle between two world superpowers the usa and the ussr starting in 1947 and ending in 1991

The Cold War

2008-10-24

general answers are hard to imagine for the many puzzling questions that are raised by soviet relations with the world in the early years of the cold war why was moscow more frightened by the marshall plan than the truman doctrine why would the soviet union abandon its closest socialist ally yugoslavia just when the cold war was getting under way how could khrushchev s de stalinized domestic and foreign policies at first cause a warming of relations with china and then lead to the loss of its most important strategic ally what can explain stalin s failure to ally with the leaders of the decolonizing world against imperialism and khrushchev s enthusiastic embrace of these leaders as

anti imperialist at a time of the first detente of the cold war it would seem that only idiosyncratic explanations could be offered for these seemingly incoherent policy outcomes or at best they could be explained by the personalities of stalin and khrushchev as leaders the latter although plausible is incorrect in fact the most stalinist of soviet leaders the secret police chief and sociopath lavrentii beria was the most enthusiastic proponent of de stalinized foreign and domestic policies after stalin s death in march 1953 ted hopf argues instead that it was soviet identity that explains these anomalies during stalin s rule a discourse of danger prevailed in soviet society where any deviations from the idealized version of the new soviet man were understood as threatening the very survival of the soviet project itself but the discourse of danger did not go unchallenged even under the rule of stalin soviet society understood a socialist soviet union as a more secure diverse and socially democratic place this discourse of difference with its broader conception of what the socialist project meant and who could contribute to it was empowered after stalin s death first by beria then by malenkov and then by khrushchev and the rest of the post stalin soviet leadership this discourse of difference allowed for the de stalinization of eastern europe with the consequent revolts in poland and hungary a rapprochement with tito s yugoslavia and an initial warming of relations with china but it also sowed the seeds of the split with china as the latter moved in the very stalinist direction at home just rejected by moscow and contrary to conventional and scholarly wisdom a moderation of authoritarianism at home a product of the discourse of difference did not lead to a moderation of soviet foreign policy abroad instead it led to the opening of an entirely new and bloody front in the decolonizing world in sum this book argues for paying attention to how societies understand themselves even in the most repressive of regimes who knows their ideas about national identity might come to power sometime as was the case in iran in 1979 and throughout the arab world today

Reconstructing the Cold War

2012-04-12

and what combination of economic political and ideological variables best explain the motives that led the united states to seek friends and allies in virtually every corner of the planet

The Cold War on the Periphery

1994

examines the debates surrounding the end of the cold war

How the Cold War Ended

2011

exam board aqa edexcel ocr wjec level a level subject history first teaching september 2015 first exam june 2016 give your students the best chance of success with this tried and tested series combining in depth analysis engaging narrative and accessibility access to history is the most popular trusted and wide ranging series for a level history students this title supports the content and assessment requirements of the 2015 a level history specifications contains authoritative and engaging content includes thought provoking key debates that examine the opposing views and approaches of historians provides exam style questions and guidance for each relevant specification to help students understand how to apply what they have learnt this title is suitable for a variety of courses including aqa the cold war c1945 1991 ocr the cold war in europe 1941 1995

History of the Cold War

1968

remembering the cold war examines how more than two decades since the collapse of the soviet union cold war legacies continue to play crucial roles in defining national identities and shaping international relations around the globe given the cold war s blurred definition it has neither a widely accepted commencement date nor unanimous conclusion what is to be remembered this book illustrates that there is in fact a huge body of remembrance and that it is more pertinent to ask what should be included and what can be overlooked over five sections this richly illustrated volume considers case studies of cold war remembering from different parts of the world and engages with growing theorisation in the field of memory studies specifically in relation to war david lowe and tony joel afford careful consideration to agencies that identify with being victims of the cold war in addition the concept of arenas of articulation which envelops the myriad spaces in which the remembering commemorating memorialising and even revising of cold war history takes place is given prominence

Access to History: The Cold War 1941-95 Third Edition

2015-09-25

the author examines the culture of the united states in the post world war ii era with its air raid drills spy trials anti communist activity and tv quiz show scandals

2016-03-07

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Remembering the Cold War

2014-01-21

looks at the history of the cold war examining events people involved and its eventual outcome

The Culture of the Cold War

1991

a leading historian's guide to great power competition as told through America's successes and failures in the cold war if you want to know how America can win today's rivalries with Russia and China read this book about how it triumphed in another twilight struggle the cold war Stephen J Hadley national security adviser to President George W Bush the United States is entering an era of great power competition with China and Russia such global struggles happen in a geopolitical twilight between the sunshine of peace and the darkness of war in this innovative and illuminating book Hal Brands a leading historian and former Pentagon adviser argues that America should look to the history of the cold war for lessons in how to succeed in great power rivalry today although the threat posed by authoritarian powers is growing America's muscle memory for dealing with dangerous foes has atrophied in the thirty years since the cold war ended in long term competitions where the diplomatic jockeying is intense and the threat of violence is omnipresent the United States will need all the historical insight it can get exploring how America won a previous twilight struggle is the starting point for determining how America can successfully prosecute another high stakes rivalry today

The Cold War

2004-07-30

details the key events and issues in the history of the cold war and includes a dictionary of terms institutions and people a condensed chronology and an annotated resource section

The Twilight Struggle

2022-01-25

the end of the cold war has opened up a real world laboratory in which to test and refine general theories of international relations using the frameworks provided by structural realism institutionalism and liberalism the post cold war international system examines how major powers responded to the collapse of the soviet union and developed their foreign policies over the period of post cold war transition the book argues that the democratic peace has begun to generate powerful socialisation effects due to the emergence of a critical mass of liberal democratic states since the end of the cold war the trend this has produced is similar to a pattern that classical realists have interpreted as bandwagoning within a unipolar power structure case studies of germany china and japan identified as key states with the potential to challenge us dominance provide evidence to support the assessment of international change the author concludes by exploring the implications of september 11th for the analysis developed this important volume argues that the end of the cold war was a major historical turning point in the development of world politics with fundamental implications for the basic way in which the dynamics of the international system are conceptualised

The Columbia Guide to the Cold War

1998

some fifty thousand soviets visited the united states under various exchange programs between 1958 and 1988 they came as scholars and students scientists and engineers writers and journalists government and party officials musicians dancers and athletes and among them were more than a few kgb officers they came they saw they were conquered and the soviet union would never again be the same cultural exchange and the cold war describes how these exchange programs which brought an even larger number of americans to the soviet union raised the iron curtain and fostered changes that prepared the way for gorbachev s glasnost perestroika and the end of the cold war this study is based upon interviews with russian and american participants as well as the personal experiences of the author and others who were involved in or administered such exchanges cultural exchange and the cold war demonstrates that the best policy to pursue with countries we disagree with is not isolation but engagement

The Post-Cold War International System

2004-07-31

the origins of the cold war third edition covers the formative years of the extraordinary struggle between the two superpowers the soviet union and the united states in a clear and concise manner martin mccauley explains how the cold war originated and developed and unravels some of the complex issues that gave rise to the cold war book jacket

Cultural Exchange and the Cold War

2010-11-01

The Origins of the Cold War, 1941-1949

1995

manuals warranties toyota cold owners chevrolet owners section warranty information 2 warranty policy and procedures manual rammer
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